

arsenals, or other public buildings whatever, or for any other purposes of the Government, and expressly ceded to the United States, jurisdiction over land so acquired, reserving the right to serve civil and criminal process of the State.

Governor to Execute Deed.—The foregoing act (Section 6, Chapter 168, Colorado Statutes Annotated 1935), provides that "When the Governor of this State shall be advised by the Attorney General of the United States or the attorney of the United States for the district of Colorado, that a valid title to the said land for the site of such building has vested in the United States, the said governor shall make, execute and deliver to the United States of America, a deed * * * containing apt, meet and proper words, clauses and covenants to fully cede, give, grant, transfer, confer and confirm such jurisdiction unto the United States of America * * *." This provision has been construed by the Attorney General of Colorado as requiring a deed of cession by the Governor before jurisdiction shall vest in the United States.

COLORADO CASES: *Colorado v. Toll*, 268 U. S. 228, 69 L. ed. 927, 45 S. Ct. 505; *Robbins v. United States*, 284 Fed. 89; *Canfield v. United States*, 167 U. S. 518, 525.

CONNECTICUT

An act of the General Assembly of Connecticut approved April 5, 1899, Public Acts, Connecticut 1899, page 1004 (Sec. 5064, General Statutes of Connecticut, Revision of 1930), granted the consent of the State to the acquisition by the United States by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, of any land in the State required for custom houses, court houses, post offices, arsenals or other public buildings whatever, or for any other purpose of the Government, and expressly cedes to the United States jurisdiction over land so acquired, reserving the right to serve civil and criminal process of the courts of the State.

CONNECTICUT CASE: 13 Atty. Gen. 411.

DELAWARE

By Section 3, Chapter 2, Title 2, Revised Code of Delaware, 1915 (reproduced in Code of 1935), the consent of the legislature of Delaware was given to the purchase by the Government of any parcel of land, not exceeding ten acres in any one place or locality for the purpose of erecting thereon light houses and other needful public buildings whatever, and of any parcel of land, not exceeding one hundred acres in any one place or locality for the purpose of erecting thereon forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards and other needful buildings. The statute requires that all deeds, conveyances or other title papers shall be recorded in the county in which the land may be situated. The right to serve civil and criminal process of the State is reserved. (14 Del. Laws, Ch. 357; 21 Del. Laws, Ch. 1.)

FLORIDA

By act of its General Assembly approved July 24, 1845, the United States was authorized and empowered to purchase, acquire, hold, own, occupy and possess such land or lands within the limits of the State as the United States shall adjudge expedient and shall seek to occupy and hold as sites on which to erect and maintain forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards and other needful buildings, said acquisition to be by contract, or in case agreement cannot be reached with the owners, by condemnation as therein expressly provided. The act provided that "whenever the United States shall contract for, purchase, or acquire any land or lands within the limits of this state for the purpose aforesaid, in either of the modes above mentioned and provided, and shall desire to acquire constitutional jurisdiction over such land or lands for such purposes, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of the state * * * and the said Governor shall and is hereby authorized and empowered thereupon in the name and on behalf of this state, to cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the land or lands so purchased or acquired and sought to be ceded."

The foregoing act was not broad enough to authorize the Governor to cede jurisdiction over lands which had been set aside from the public domain. However, when the act was included with the Recodification of Laws of 1892, it was amended so as to authorize the Governor to cede jurisdiction over